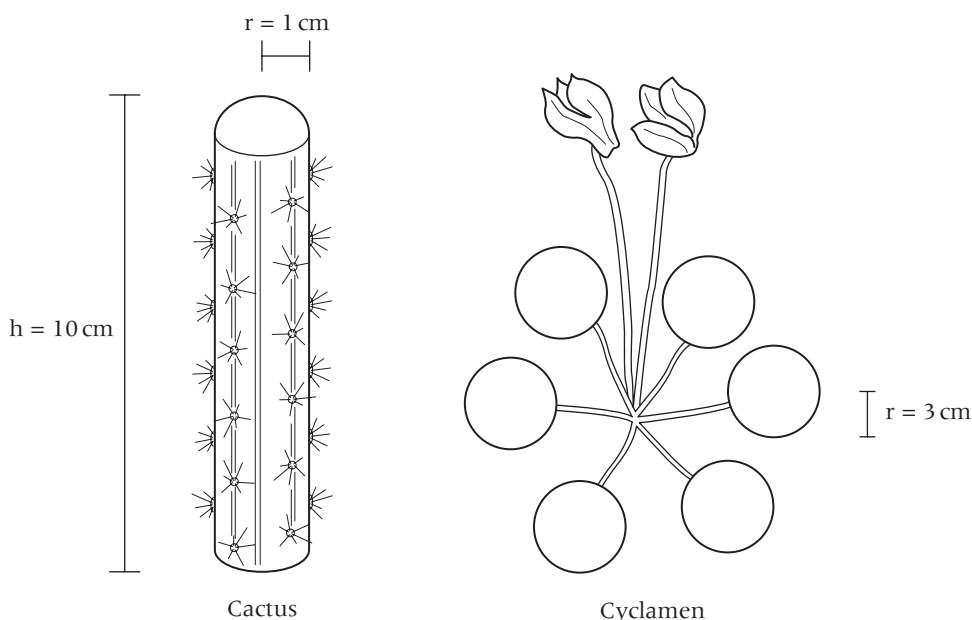


Plants and their adaptations

The diagrams show two plants – a cactus and a cyclamen. Both plants are 10 cm tall.



- ?**
- Which part of each plant carries out photosynthesis?
 - Assuming that the cactus is a cylinder, work out its surface area. The formula you need is:

$$\text{surface area} = 2\pi rh + \pi r^2$$
 $h = \text{height}, r = \text{radius and } \pi = 3.14.$
 Show your working. Give your answer to two significant figures.
 - Assuming that the cyclamen leaves are perfectly round, work out their combined surface area. The formula you need for the top surface of one leaf is:

$$\text{surface area} = \pi r^2$$
 Show your working. Give your answer to two significant figures.
 - Use your calculations to try to explain why a cactus grows so slowly.
 - Suggest why not all of the surface area that you calculated for the cactus can be used for photosynthesis at the same time.
 - Estimate the surface area of the cactus that can be used for photosynthesis at any one time.
 - Design a formula to calculate the amount of a cactus stem that may have sunlight at any one time.
 - Explain, with reasons, why a cyclamen plant would not last very long in the desert.

S knowledge, numeracy